Page 2 of 83

species, or

(ii) greater than the binding energy of any hydrogen species for which the corresponding ordinary hydrogen species is unstable or is not observed because the ordinary hydrogen species' binding energy is less than thermal energies at ambient conditions, or is negative; and

(b) at least one other element; the method comprising the steps of: providing a gaseous catalyst comprising at least one selected from the group consisting of atoms of Li, Be, K, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, As, Se, Kr, Rb, Sr, Nb, Mo, Pd, Sn, Te, Cs, Ce, Pr, Sm, Gd, Dy, Pb, and Pt; providing gaseous hydrogen atoms;

reacting said gaseous catalyst with said gaseous hydrogen atoms, thereby forming hydrino from said gaseous hydrogen atoms;

reacting said hydrino with at least one selected from the group consisting of a source of electrons in combination with at least one other element, \boldsymbol{H}^+ , increased binding energy hydrogen species, and other elements to form the compound.

Please add new claims 122-204 as follows:

- $\frac{1}{2}$ 122. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of H_n , H_n^- , and H_n^+ where n is a positive integer, with the proviso that n is greater than 1 when H has a positive charge.
- 123. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of (a) hydride ion having a binding energy that is greater than the binding of ordinary hydride ion (about 0.8 eV) for p = 2 up to 23 in which the binding energy is represented by



$$Binding\ Energy = \frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left[1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^3}\right]$$

Page 3 of 83

where p is an integer greater than one, s = 1/2, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_o is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_o is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge; (b) hydrogen atom having a binding energy greater than about 13.6 eV; (c) hydrogen molecule having a first binding energy greater than about 15.5 eV; and (d) molecular hydrogen ion having a binding energy greater than about 16.4 eV.

- 124. A method of claim 123, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having a binding energy of about 3.0, 6.6, 11.2, 16.7, 22.8, 29.3, 36.1, 42.8, 49.4, 55.5, 61.0, 65.6, 69.2, 71.5, 72.4, 71.5, 68.8, 64.0, 56.8, 47.1, 34.6, 19.2, or 0.65 eV.
- 125. A method of claim 124, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is a hydride ion having the binding energy:

Binding Energy =
$$\frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left[1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^3}\right]$$

where p is an integer greater than one, s=1/2, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_o is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_o is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge.

- 126. A method of claim 121, wherein the increased binding energy hydrogen species is selected from the group consisting of
 - a. a hydrogen atom having a binding energy of about $\frac{13.6\,eV}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2}$ where p is an

integer,



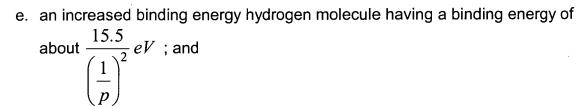
Page 4 of 83

b. an increased binding energy hydride ion (H^-) having a binding energy of

about
$$\frac{\hbar^2 \sqrt{s(s+1)}}{8\mu_e a_0^2 \left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^2} - \frac{\pi \mu_0 e^2 \hbar^2}{m_e^2 a_0^3} \left(1 + \frac{2^2}{\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{s(s+1)}}{p}\right]^3}\right) \text{ where }$$

s=1/2, π is pi, \hbar is Planck's constant bar, μ_o is the permeability of vacuum, m_e is the mass of the electron, μ_e is the reduced electron mass, a_o is the Bohr radius, and e is the elementary charge;

- c. an increased binding energy hydrogen species $H_4^+(1/p)$;
- d. an increased binding energy hydrogen species trihydrino molecular ion, $H_3^+(1/p)$, having a binding energy of about $\frac{22.6}{\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^2}eV$ where p is an integer,



- f. an increased binding energy hydrogen molecular ion with a binding energy of about $\frac{16.4}{\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^2}eV$.
- 127. A method of claim 126, wherein p is from 2 to 200.
- 128. A method of claim 121, which is greater than 50 atomic percent pure.
- 129. A method of claim 128, which is greater than 90 atomic percent pure.
- 130. A method of claim 129, which is greater than 98 atomic percent pure.



Page 5 of 83

- 131. A method of claim 121, wherein said increased binding energy hydrogen species is negative.
- 132. A method of claim 131, comprising at least one cation.
- 133. A method of claim 132, wherein the cation is a proton, H_2^+ , H_3^+ ,

$$H_2^* \left[2c' = \frac{2a_o}{p} \right]^+$$
, $H_3^+(1/p)$, or $H_4^+(1/p)$.

134. A method of claim 121, wherein the other element is an ordinary hydrogen atom or an ordinary hydrogen molecule.



- 135. A method of claim 121, having a formula $\left[KH_mKCO_3\right]_n$ wherein m and n are each an integer, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 136. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[KH_mKNO_3]_n^{m'+}$ $n'X^-$ wherein m, m', n and n' are each an integer, X is a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 137. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[KHKNO_3]_n$ wherein n is an integer, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 138. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[KHKOH]_n$ wherein n is an integer and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 139. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_mM'X]_n$ wherein m and n are each an integer, M and M' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X is a singly or

Page 6 of 83

doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.

- 140. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_mM'X']_n^{m'+}$ $n'X^-$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M and M' are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one said increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 141. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_mM'X']_n^{m'-} n'M''^+$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M, M', and M" are each an alkali or alkaline earth cation, X and X' are each a singly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 142. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_n^{m'+}$ $n'X^-$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M is alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, X is a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 143. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_n^{m'-} n'M'^+$ wherein m, m', n, and n' are each an integer, M and M' are an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H_m of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 144. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{10})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content



Page 7 of 83

 $\left(H_{16}\right)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

- 145. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{10})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 146. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 147. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M^+(H_{16})_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 148. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{16})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 149. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{16})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{16})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 150. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{24})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content



Page 8 of 83

 $(H_{24})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

- 151. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{24})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{24})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 152. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{60})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{60})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 153. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{60})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{60})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 154. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{70})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{70})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 155. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{70})_n$ wherein n is an integer, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{70})_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 156. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$ wherein q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or



Page 9 of 83

compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

- 157. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$ wherein q, r, s, and t are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_{10})_q(H_{16})_r(H_{24})_s(H_{60})_t(H_{70})_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- A method of claim 121, having a formula MX wherein M is positive, neutral, or 158. negative and is selected from the list of H_{16} , $H_{16}H_1$, $H_{16}H_2$, $H_{24}H_{23}$, OH_{22} , OH_{23} , OH_{24} , $MgH_{2} H_{16}$, $NaH_{3} H_{16}$, $H_{24} H_{2} O$, CNH_{16} , CH_{30} , $SiH_{4}H_{16}$, $(H_{16})_{3} H_{15}$, $SiH_{4}(H_{16})_{2}$, $(H_{16})_{4}$, H_{70} , $Si_2H_6H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2H_{16}$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_3$, CH_{70} , NH_{69} , NH_{70} , NHH_{70} , OH_{70} , H_2OH_{70} , FH_{70} , H_3OH_{70} , SiH_2H_{60} , $Si(H_{16})_2H_{15}$, $Si(H_{16})_4$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$, $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_2$, $SiH_3(H_{16})_4$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_2$, $O_2(H_{16})_4$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_4$, NOH_{70} , O_2H_{69} , $HONH_{70}$, O_2H_{70} , H_2ONH_{70} , $H_3O_2H_{70}$, $Si_2H_6(H_{24})_1$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$, $(SiH_4)_1H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_3$, $(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, $(OH_{24})H_{16}H_{70}$, $Si_3H_{10}(H_{16})_2$, Si_2H_{70} , $Si_3H_{11}(H_{16})_2$, $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_4$, $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_2$, $(SiH_4)_7(H_{16})_4$, $NaOSiH_{2}(H_{16})_{4}$, $NaKHH_{70}$, $Si_{2}H_{7}(H_{70})$, $Si_{3}H_{9}(H_{16})_{4}$, $Si_{3}H_{10}(H_{16})_{4}$, $Si_{7}H_{6}(H_{16})_{5}$, $(SiH_4)_1H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_3$, $Na_2OSiH_2(H_{16})_4$, $Si_3H_8(H_{16})_4$, Na_2KHH_{70} , $Si_3H_9(H_{16})_4$, $Na_2HKH\ H_{70}$, $SO(H_{16})_6(H_{15})$, $SH_2(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, $SO(H_{16})_7$, $Mg_2H_2H_{23}H_{16}H_{70}$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_2$, $(SiH_4)_3(H_{16})_4$, $KH_3O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, $KH_5O(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, $K(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}$, K_2OHH_{70} , $NaKHO_2H_{70}$, $NaOHNaO_2H_{70}$, $HNO_3O_2H_{70}$, $Rb(H_{16})_5$, $Si_3H_{11}H_{70}$, $KNO_2(H_{16})_5$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_3$, $KKH(H_{16})_7$, $(SiH_4)_4(H_{16})_4$, $(KH_2)_2(H_{16})_3H_{70}$, $(NiH_2)_2HCl(H_{16})_2H_{70}$, Si_5OH_{103} , $(SiH_3)_2(H_{16})_5$, $Na_3O_3(SiH_3)_{10}SiH(H_{16})_5$, X is other element, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen.
- 159. A method of claim 121, having a formula MX wherein M is positive, neutral, or negative and is selected from the list of H_{16} , $H_{16}H_1$, $H_{16}H_2$, $H_{24}H_{23}$, OH_{22} , OH_{23} , OH_{24} , MgH_2 H_{16} , NaH_3 H_{16} , H_{24} H_2 O, CNH_{16} , CH_{30} , SiH_4H_{16} , $(H_{16})_3$ H_{15} , $SiH_4(H_{16})_2$, $(H_{16})_4$, H_{70} , $Si_2H_6H_{16}$, $(SiH_4)_2H_{16}$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_3$, CH_{70} , NH_{69} , NH_{70} , NHH_{70} , OH_{70} , H_2OH_{70} , FH_{70} , H_3OH_{70} , SiH_2H_{60} , $Si(H_{16})_3$ H_{15} , $Si(H_{16})_4$, $Si_2H_6(H_{16})_2$, $Si_2H_7(H_{16})_2$, $SiH_3(H_{16})_4$, $(SiH_4)_2(H_{16})_2$, $O_2(H_{16})_4$, $SiH_4(H_{16})_4$, NOH_{70} , O_2H_{69} , $HONH_{70}$, O_2H_{70} , H_2ONH_{70} , $H_3O_2H_{70}$,



Page 10 of 83

 $Si_{2}H_{6}(H_{24})_{2}, Si_{2}H_{6}(H_{16})_{3}, (SiH_{4})_{3}H_{16}, (SiH_{4})_{2}(H_{16})_{3}, (OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}, (OH_{24})H_{16}H_{70}, Si_{3}H_{10}(H_{16})_{2}, Si_{2}H_{70}, Si_{3}H_{11}(H_{16})_{2}, Si_{2}H_{7}(H_{16})_{4}, (SiH_{4})_{3}(H_{16})_{2}, (SiH_{4})_{2}(H_{16})_{4}, NaOSiH_{2}(H_{16})_{4}, NaKH \ H_{70}, Si_{2}H_{7}(H_{70}), Si_{3}H_{9}(H_{16})_{3}, Si_{3}H_{10}(H_{16})_{3}, Si_{2}H_{6}(H_{16})_{5}, (SiH_{4})_{4}H_{16}, (SiH_{4})_{3}(H_{16})_{3}, Na_{2}OSiH_{2}(H_{16})_{4}, Si_{3}H_{8}(H_{16})_{4}, Na_{2}KH \ H_{70}, Si_{3}H_{9}(H_{16})_{4}, Na_{2}HKH \ H_{70}, SO(H_{16})_{6}(H_{15}), SH_{2}(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}, SO(H_{16})_{7}, Mg_{2}H_{2}H_{23}H_{16}H_{70}, (SiH_{4})_{4}(H_{16})_{2}, (SiH_{4})_{3}(H_{16})_{4}, KH_{3}O(H_{16})_{2}H_{70}, KH_{5}O(H_{16})_{2}H_{70}, K(OH_{23})H_{16}H_{70}, KOH_{16}(H_{16})_{5}, Si_{3}H_{11}H_{70}, NaCHNaO_{2}H_{70}, HNO_{3}O_{2}H_{70}, Rb(H_{16})_{5}, Si_{3}H_{11}H_{70}, KNO_{2}(H_{16})_{5}, (SiH_{4})_{4}(H_{16})_{3}, KKH(H_{16})_{7}, (SiH_{4})_{4}(H_{16})_{4}, (KH_{2})_{2}(H_{16})_{3}H_{70}, (NiH_{2})_{2}HCl(H_{16})_{2}H_{70}, Si_{5}OH_{102}, (SiH_{3})_{7}(H_{16})_{5}, Na_{3}O_{3}(SiH_{3})_{10}SiH(H_{16})_{5}, X \text{ is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound,} and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen.}$

- 160. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 161. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 8 to 12, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 162. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M^+(H_x)_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as an alkali, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 163. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M^+(H_x)_n^-$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and



Page 11 of 83

the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n^-$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

- 164. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 165. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 14 to 18, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 166. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 167. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 22 to 26, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 168. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 169. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 58 to 62, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.



Page 12 of 83

- 170. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species
- 171. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_n$ wherein n is an integer, x is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_n$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 172. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_q(H_x)_r(H_y)_s(H_y)_t(H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is other element such as any atom, molecule, or compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_q(H_{x'})_r(H_y)_s(H_y)_t(H_z)_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 173. A method of claim 121, having a formula $M(H_x)_q(H_x)_r(H_y)_s(H_y)_l(H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, q, r, s, t, and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, and the hydrogen content $(H_x)_q(H_x)_r(H_y)_s(H_y)_l(H_z)_u$ of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 174. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[KHKOH]_p[KH_5KOH]_q[KH_5KOH]_$



Page 13 of 83

175. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_{l} [MM' H_m]_{l} [KH_m KCO_3]_{l} [KH_m KNO_3]_{l}^{l} nX^- [KHKNO_3]_{l} \\ [KHKOH]_{l} [MH_m M' X]_{l} [MH_m M' X]_{l}^{m'+} n' X [MH_m M' X]_{l}^{m'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_{l}^{m'+} n' X \\ [MH_m]_{l}^{m'-} n' M^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_{l} [KH_s KOH]_{l} [KH_s KHCO_3]_{l} [KHCO_3]_{l} [K_2 CO_3]_{l} wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, and t are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.$



- 176. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_* [MM' H_m]_* [KH_m KCO_3]_* [KH_m KNO_3]_*^* \quad nX^- [KHKNO_3]_* \\ [KHKOH]_* [MH_m M' X]_* [MH_m M' X]_*^{n'+} \quad n' X [MH_m M' X]_*^{n'-} \quad n' M'^{++} [MH_m]_*^{n'+} \quad n' X' \\ [MH_m]_*^{n'-} \quad n' M^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_* [KH_5 KOH]_* [KH KHCO_3]_* [KHCO_3]_* [K_2 CO_3] \\ M'''(H_{10})_{q'} (H_{16})_{r'} (H_{24})_{s'} (H_{60})_{t'} (H_{70})_* \text{ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, M, M', and M" are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M"' is other element, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.$
- 177. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_{t} [MM' H_m]_{t} [KH_m KCO_3]_{t} [KH_m KNO_3]_{t}^{t} nX^{-} [KHKNO_3]_{t}^{t}$ $[KHKOH]_{t} [MH_m M' X]_{t} [MH_m M' X]_{t}^{m'+} n' X^{-} [MH_m M' X]_{t}^{m'-} n' M'^{+} [MH_m]_{t}^{m'+} n' X^{-} [MH_m]_{t}^{m'-} n' M'^{+} [MH_m]_{t}^{m'-} n' M^{-} N' X^{-} [MH_m]_{t}^{m'-} n' M'^{+} M'^{+} H_{16}^{-} [KHKOH]_{t} [KH_5 KOH]_{t} [KH_5$

Page 14 of 83

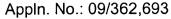
contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.

178. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_r[MM'H_m]_r[KH_mKCO_3]_r[KH_mKNO_3]_r^r$ $nX^-[KHKNO_3]_r$ $nX^-[KHKNO_3]_r$ $nX^-[KHKNO_3]_r$ $nX^-[KHKNO_3]_r$ $nX^-[KHKNO_3]_r$ $nX^-[MH_mM'X]_r^{m'-1}$ $nX^-[MH_mM$

179. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_{l}[MM'H_m]_{l}[KH_mKCO_3]_{l}[KH_mKNO_3]_{l}^{l} nX^{-}[KHKNO_3]_{l}^{l} nX^{-}[KHKNO_3]_{l}^{l}$ $[KHKOH]_{l}[MH_mM'X]_{l}[MH_mM'X]_{l}^{m'+} n'X [MH_mM'X]_{l}^{m'-} n'M'^{+}[MH_m]_{l}^{m'+} n'X$ $[MH_m]_{l}^{m'-} n'M^{+}M^{+}H_{16}^{-}[KHKOH]_{l}[KH_{l}KHO]_{l}[KH_{l}KHCO_3]_{l}[KHCO_3]_{l}[K_{2}CO_3]$ $M'''(H_x)_{l}(H_x)_{l}(H_y)_{s}(H_y)_{s}(H_y)_{l}(H_z)_{u} \text{ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order,}$ $n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u \text{ are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26, y' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M', and M'' are each an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M''' is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.$

180. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m]_{\scriptscriptstyle m} [MM' H_m]_{\scriptscriptstyle m} [KH_m KCO_3]_{\scriptscriptstyle m} [KH_m KNO_3]_{\scriptscriptstyle m} nX^- [KHKNO_3]_{\scriptscriptstyle m}$





Page 15 of 83

- 181. A method of claim 121, having a formula $[MH_m][MM'H_m][KH_mKCO_3][KH_mKNO_3]^{\dagger}$ $nX^{-}[KHKNO_3]$ $[KHKOH]_n [MH_m M X]_n [MH_m M X]_n^{n'+} n' X [MH_m M X]_n^{n'-} n' M'^+ [MH_m]_n^{n'+} n' X$ $[MH_m]_n^{n'}$ $n' M^+ M^+ H_{16}^- [KHKOH]_p [KH_5KOH]_n [KH KHCO_3]_n [KHCO_3]_n [K_2CO_3]$ $M^{""}(H_x)_a(H_y)_r(H_y)_L(H_y)_L(H_z)_u$ wherein the monomers may be arranged in any order, n, n', m, m', p, q, r, s, t, q', r', s', t', and u are each an integer including zero but not all zero, x is an integer from 8 to 12, x' is an integer from 14 to 18, y is an integer from 22 to 26. v' is an integer from 58 to 62, z is an integer from 68 to 72, M, M' and M" are each a metal such as silicon, aluminum, Group III A elements, Group IVA elements, a transition metal, inner transition metal, tin, boron, or a rare earth, lanthanide, an alkali or alkaline earth, organic, organometalic, inorganic, or ammonium cation, M" is an increased binding energy hydrogen compound, X and X' are a singly or doubly negative charged anion, the compound contains at least one H, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.
- 182. A method of claim 121, having a formula $Si_xH_y(H_{16})_z$ wherein x is an integer, y is an integer from 2x+2 to 4x, z is an integer, and the hydrogen content H of the compound comprises at least one increased binding energy hydrogen species.



Page 16 of 83

- 183. A method of claim 136, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 184. A method of claim 139, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 185. A method of claim 140, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 186. A method of claim 141, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 187. A method of claim 142, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 188. A method of claim 175, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 189. A method of claim 176, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 190. A method of claim 177, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.



Page 17 of 83

- 191. A method of claim 178, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 192. A method of claim 179, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 193. A method of claim 180, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ions, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 194. A method of claim 181, wherein said singly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of halogen ion, hydroxide ion, hydrogen carbonate ion, dihydrogen phosphate, and nitrate ion.
- 195. A method of claim 139, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
- 196. A method of claim 140, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
- 197. A method of claim 142, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.
- 198. A method of claim 175, wherein said doubly negative charged anion is selected from the group consisting of carbonate ion, oxides, phosphates, hydrogen phosphates, and sulfate ion.

